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Office of Human Rights Protocols, Procedures and Practices Manual

INTRODUCTION

This manual establishes operational protocols, procedures and practices for the DBHDS Office of Human Rights staff.

The Office of Human Rights is an internal advocacy system for the DBHDS but external to programs operated, funded or licensed by DBHDS. The Office of Human Rights, through a system of advocates with state facility and community assignments, provides protection and advocacy services to individuals receiving services from programs operated, funded or licensed by the Department.

MISSION:

The mission of the DBHDS Office of Human Rights is to monitor compliance with the *Rules and Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services (DBHDS)* by promoting the basic precepts of human dignity, advocating for the rights of persons with disabilities in our service delivery systems, and managing the DBHDS Human Rights dispute resolution program.

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

The Department human rights advocates shall:

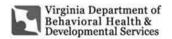
- Represent any individual making a complaint or, upon request, consult with and help any other representative the individual chooses;
- Provide training to individuals, family members, and providers on this chapter;
- Investigate and try to prevent or correct any alleged rights violation by interviewing, mediating, negotiating, advising, or consulting with providers and their respective governing bodies, directors, and employees;
- Provide orientation, training, and technical assistance to the LHRCs for which he is responsible; and
- Investigate and examine all conditions or practices that may interfere with the free exercise of individuals' rights.

The Department shall:

- Employ the state human rights director to lead statewide implementation of the human rights program;
- Determine, in consultation with the SHRC, the appropriate number and geographical boundaries of LHRCs;
- Develop information, assistance, training tools, and other resources for individuals and constituents on this chapter;
- Provide for regular monitoring and enforcement of this chapter, including conducting unannounced compliance reviews at any time;
- Cooperate with and provide support to the SHRC and LHRCs, including:

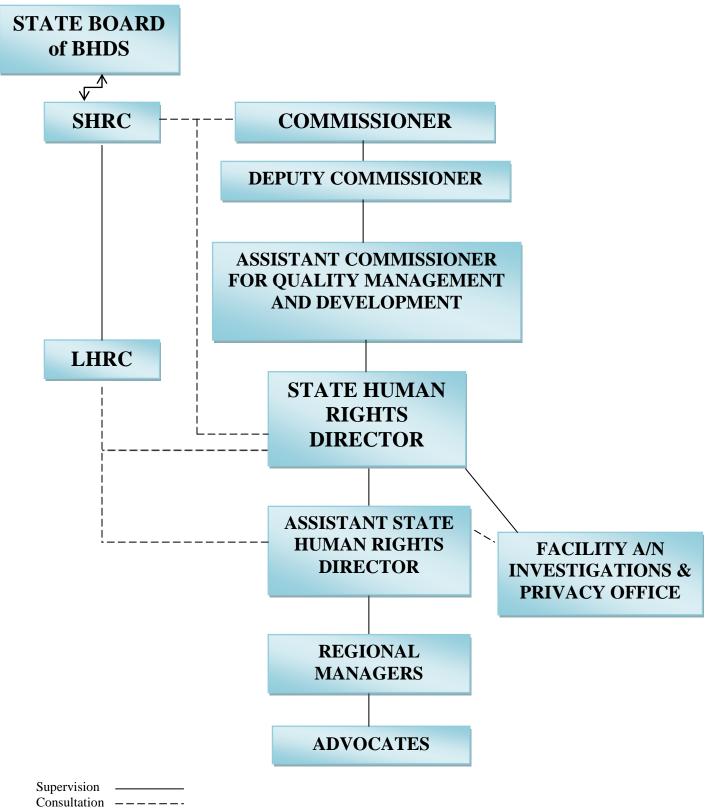


- Training SHRC and LHRC members on their responsibilities, roles, and functions under this chapter;
- o Providing access to topic area consultants as needed to support their fulfilling of their duties under this chapter; and
- Providing necessary support for SHRC and LHRC investigations, meetings, and hearings;
 and
- Maintain current and regularly updated data and perform regular trend analyses to identify the need for corrective action in the areas of abuse, neglect, and exploitation; seclusion and restraint; complaints; deaths and serious injuries; and variance applications.



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DBHDS HUMAN RIGHTS PROGRAM



Policy and Regulatory Board, SHRC Appointments



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Standard 1: Advocates shall represent the individuals receiving service in accordance with the *Human Rights Regulations*.

Examples of Implementation:

- Enforces the affirmation of the individual receiving services right to be protected from abuse and neglect. Abuse/neglect allegations are managed as a first priority.
- Monitors restrictive interventions and behavioral programming.
- Conducts investigations of incidents, complaints, circumstances, conditions and practices.
- Assures communication with individuals receiving services and/or their designated representative throughout the human rights resolution process.
- Assures timely documentation [CHRIS] of individual receiving services complaints, allegations, and use of the human rights process.

Examples of Evidence of Performance:

- Documentation of review and analyses of reports/data relating to abuse investigations, incidents and complaint.
- Documentation of review and analysis of reports/data relating to restrictive interventions and behavioral programming, conditions and practices.
- Documentation of follow-up action(s).
- Evidence of CHRIS documentation.
- Representation of the individual throughout the human rights process.

Standard 2: Advocates shall manage an effective rights protection system within the assigned facility/region/program, in accordance with the *Human Rights Regulations*.

Examples of Implementation:

- Monitors compliance of providers with the *Human Rights Regulations*.
- Conducts site visits to ensure accessibility and visibility of advocates.
- Ensures that complaints are managed in a timely manner and according to departmental protocol.



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- Monitors the investigation of all allegations of abuse/neglect to ensure individual rights, protections and safety.
- Works with providers to provide technical assistance, training and consultation to LHRCs, staff and program consumers.
- Participates in a non-voting capacity at provider meetings where human rights issues and protection are relevant to the agenda.

Examples of Evidence of Performance:

- Documentation of compliance reviews.
- Documentation of site visits.
- Documentation of the timely progression of complaints through the human rights system.
- Documentation that the safety and rights of consumers are protected during the investigation of allegations of abuse/neglect.

Standard 3: Advocates shall pro-actively promote the affirmation of human rights.

Examples of Implementation:

- Reviews provider policies, procedures and practices for adherence to the Rules and Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers Licensed, Funded, or Operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS).
- Reviews provider information and statistics and individual receiving services records for adherence to the Rules and Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers Licensed, Funded, or Operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS).
- Establishes a high level of visibility of the human rights program through frequent and regular interaction with providers and individuals receiving service.

Example of Evidence of Performance:

- Documentation of protocol, procedures and practice reviews and findings.
- Documentation of information, statistical and record reviews.
- Documentation of individual contacts.



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Standard 4: Advocates shall identify systemic human rights issues and shall take steps to bring about corrective action.

Examples of Implementation:

- Collects and analyzes data.
- Identifies and documents issues including recommendations for action.
- Initiates complaints for resolution through the human rights process.
- Prepares for Human Rights Committee presentations.

Examples of Evidence of Performance:

- Documentation in reports to assigned supervisor.
- CHRIS documentation.
- Development of materials pertaining to Human Rights Committee presentation(s).

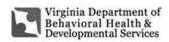
Standard 5: Advocates shall maintain professional independent judgement in representing the rights of individuals receiving service.

Examples of Implementation:

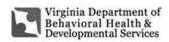
- Assesses each situation to determine and clarify the rights issues involved.
- Consults with the individual receiving services to clearly articulate the individual's requested relief.

Examples of Evidence of Performance:

- Documentation of complaint/advocacy issues and the specific right involved.
- Documentation of individual receiving services contacts and requests for resolution/relief.
- Memoranda or documentation of other communications with programs.



PROTOCOL NO. 101 – 2016 MONITORING PROCEDURES			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	The advocate shall monitor the provider's compliance with the Rules and Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers Licensed, Funded or Operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developments Services (DBHDS) and other applicable regulations, procedures and practices. The advocate will communicate unresolved deficiencies noted to facility or program director, the State Human Rights Director and the Assistant State Human Rights Director.		
Procedure:			
$\int_{\Omega} dx$	supervisor.		
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Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 102 - 2016			
MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS COMPLAINTS			
Issued:	,		
Revised:	y ,		
Revised:	April 14, 2003 November 4, 2014		
Revised:	,		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Protocol:	 All complaints concerning alleged non-compliance with or violations of human rights regulations shall be managed in accordance with established procedures. Complaints include verbal or written allegations of rights violations or non-compliance as well as those situations in which the advocate proactively intervenes to avoid a violation of an individual's rights. Consumers may choose to have their complaint managed in accordance with the provider's complaint process in 12VAC35-115-175. Providers should have a policy, approved by the Office of Human Rights, describing their procedure for implementation of the complaint process. The DBHDS human rights advocate shall develop a system to monitor or audit the provider's complaint process, regardless of the individual's choice for representation. The DBHDS human rights advocate may initiate a complaint(s), in accordance with 12 VA 35-115-175 on behalf of an individual when a violation, potential violation, or human rights issue is apparent and the individual or his representative has not initiated a complaint. The DBHDS advocate will take action to assure resolution of all complaints in a timely manner and at the lowest level possible. Timely refers to all time frames established by regulation, this manual or reasonable progression of a complaint through the human rights process. Instances of sex trafficking shall be reported to the law enforcement authorities immediately and in no case later than 24 hours after receiving information on children or youth who have been identified as being a sex trafficking victim." [Child Sex Trafficking Act, Sec. 102 (a)(3)(A)]. 		
Procedure:	 In accordance with 12 VAC 35-115-175, the DBHDS advocate will inform the individual and/or his representative of the right to pursue his complaint(s) through the DBHDS human rights process. The individual's consent or concurrence is not required for the advocate to initiate a complaint. The individual or his representative may choose to remain anonymous. Only the "individual or his authorized representative," can request an LHRC hearing (12 VAC35-115-180). The DBHDS advocate will make an initial determination of whether or not serious and irreparable harm to the individual will result if the complaint is not resolved immediately. If it is determined that serious harm may be possible, the advocate shall inform the director and attempt to expedite a resolution of the complaint. If the complaint is not quickly resolved at the level of the director, or safeguards put in place for the safety of the individual(s), the advocate shall work with the LHRC to 		



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expedite a review of the complaint.

- The DBHDS advocate shall assist the individual by acting as his representative in the DBHDS process unless the individual selects other representation.
- The DBHDS advocate shall monitor and assist in moving the complaint through the DBHDS human rights process in a timely fashion.
- The DBHDS advocate shall meet with the individual and/or his representative at each stage of the process to provide information on decisions reached and any recommendations made. If the individual or his representative is not available for a meeting, the advocate should make every effort to convey information via telephone or email. The role of the DBHDS advocate is to provide and clarify information not to justify or advocate for a particular point of view.
- When a DBHDS advocate is serving as representative for an individual or providing technical assistance to an individual and his chosen representative at an LHRC appeal, the advocate shall ensure that another DBHDS advocate is present to provide technical assistance to the LHRC. The DBHDS Regional Manager will ensure that the Director is also provided with information about the appeal process; however, DBHDS will NOT represent the provider at any point during the appeal hearing.
- In state operated facilities, when a complaint involves an alleged violation of the Privacy Rule (HIPAA) or the corresponding sections of the human rights regulations, the advocate will coordinate the resolution of the complaint with the facility privacy officer in accordance with the Department's Privacy Policies and Procedures for the Use and Disclosure of Protected Health Information.
- The advocate should ensure that the entire record of the complaint/allegation/issue is documented in CHRIS, as appropriate.

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Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 103 - 2016 STAFF ORIENTATION PROGRAM		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	February 11, 2002	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	the areas listed below within a three-month period from the date of assignment. The Regional Manager may request the assistance of other advocates to serve as mentors for the orientation and training of the new advocate in some areas.	
Procedure:	The following orientation and training format is recommended, however may be reorganized to accommodate scheduling and individual needs. The material may be reorganized, however there must be documentation that the staff person has received all materials, and opportunities for learning as outlined below.	
	Core competency checklist must be reviewed, signed by the Manager and submitted to the ASHRD at the completion of the orientation period.	
	 Week 1: The supervisor will ensure that the new advocate is immediately provided copies of: position description/Employee Work Profile (EWP) performance expectations organizational charts – DBHDS, OHR, facility 	
	 Rules & Regulations Office of Human Rights Protocol, Procedures & Practices Manual LHRC Training and Resource Manual CHRIS Manuals Office of Human Rights Directory 	
	The Regional Manager will ensure that the new advocate who is assigned to provide advocacy services in a state facility is provided an opportunity for a general orientation to the facility where he/she will be located to include but is not limited to: • Introductions to key staff	
	 Tour of facility grounds and buildings Procedures for admission Specific functions of each program including length of stay for each unit Specific behavioral techniques employed by each unit 	
	 Procedures for documenting the utilization of seclusion/restraint Procedures and protocols for individual records Committees, meetings, and reviews which may involve rights issues Unit procedures and chain of command; and Specific individual issues which involve human rights 	



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Week 2:

This week should be devoted to becoming familiar with the environment of the assigned facility or region.

- Spend at least one-half day on a individual unit or at a community program
- Become familiar with the concept of program rules/point & level systems/token economies
- Conduct chart/medical record reviews for compliance with policies, consents, etc.
- Visit at least one unit/program daily; attend a treatment team meeting, unit meetings, staffing, etc.; and,
- Review complaint procedures and documentation

Week 3:

- The new advocate will be assigned to shadow an advocate at a comparable facility/region for a minimum of three days.
- If the new employee is a Regional manager, he/she will initiate visits with the Executive Directors, Program Directors and Programs within the assigned region.

Week 4:

The Regional Manager will review the following with the new advocate:

- Departmental Instruction 201 and Investigations Manual
- Advocate's role in abuse investigations
- Procedures for Continuity of Care between Community Services Board and State Psychiatric Facilities (Revised Client Services Management Guidelines);
- Making staff / individual contacts & handling complaints under supervision; and
- Office of Human Rights reporting procedures and CHRIS data entry.

Week 5:

The advocate shall engage in the following for a part of each day at the facility/program:

- Meeting program staff and individuals;
- o Reviewing program policies;
- o Reviewing guidelines for restrictive programs
- Observing unit / ward activities;
- o Handling complaints; and
- Handling requests for information;
- Meet/consult with supervisor.

Week 6:

The advocate shall establish a schedule of activities to include:

- Scheduling interviews with individuals;
- Handling complaints (including through the LHRC/SHRC process);
- Attending relevant meetings;
- Continuing familiarization with policies and procedures;
- Training for staff and LHRC; and,



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Meeting with supervisor as needed.

During the first six weeks of employment in the position, the supervisor and employee shall:

- Establish specific topics for additional training;
- Prioritize the topics; and,
- Establish time frames for meeting those identified needs within the six-month probationary period.

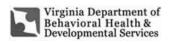
The supervisor prior to the conclusion of the probationary period shall make a determination of the advocate's level of skill and abilities.

Skills and Abilities:

The following skills and abilities are required of an advocate:

- Hearing presentation LHRC/SHRC to include how to prepare/write a petition to LHRC/SHRC—demonstrating knowledge and understanding;
- Investigation procedures demonstrating knowledge and understanding;
 - o Interviewing / assessment of credibility of witnesses;
 - o Gathering facts;
 - Report writing;
 - o The need to write a report; and,
 - o Report format.
- CHRIS [or other computerized system] and necessary reports—demonstrating knowledge and utilization;
- Conflict resolution—demonstrating knowledge and skill;
- Code of Virginia—demonstrating knowledge and utilization of:
 - What's there
 - o How to cite;
 - When to cite/use:
 - How to get updates.
 - o Systems
 - o DBHDS—demonstrating knowledge and understanding of:
 - ➤ Who's who?
 - ➤ How does the system operate?
 - Relationships—demonstrating an understanding of who you can call and for what reason?
 - > DSS
 - > dLCV
 - > Police
 - Courts

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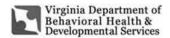
PROTOCOL NO. 104 - 2016			
STAFF DEVELOPMENT			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	February 11, 2002		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	February 4, 2016		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	The Office of Human Rights recognizes the need for continuing staff development and for individual professional growth and development. The Office of Human Rights is committed to ensuring each advocate is provided with fundamental/basic training and to the extent possible providing opportunities for individual professional growth.		
Procedure:	the extent possible providing opportunities for individual professional growth. The supervisor and the advocate share the responsibility for developing a plan for meeting requirements for training. The plan will include: Completion of mandated fundamental/basic training; Identification and prioritization for training/education [workshops, courses, seminars, etc.] to enhance professional growth and skill development; Maintenance of accurate documentation of the plan to include: Dates of completion of training Periodic review of the plan to assure progress toward goals; The plan will be: updated annually as part of the performance evaluation process and documentation of the plan and progress shall be maintained by both the supervisor and the advocate. Fundamental/ Basic: Within the first year of employment and subsequently, evidence of completion of / competence in the following fundamental/basic training is required by the Human Resource Office. Recommended Training:		
	 The DBHDS Human Rights Regulations DI 201 		
	Behavioral Treatment Planning - basics of behavior modification & learning theory as applied in individual treatment plans, point and level systems, token economies, etc.		
	Office of Human Rights Protocols and Procedures		
	 Supervisory Training [for all supervisors] Computer software training [intermediate skill leve and data base/spread sheet 	l proficiency]: Word processing	
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Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 105-2016			
SENSITIVE ISSUES			
Issued:	,		
Revised:	February 11, 2002		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	 		
Revised:	,		
Protocol:	The SHRD, the ASHRD and Regional Advocate shall be notified immediately of issues,		
	which may be sensitive in nature.		
Procedure:	• The SHRD/ASHRD shall be notified immediately of:		
	o any unexpected death, including suicide;		
	o serious injury to an individual receiving service;		
	o an allegation of an individual's rape or sexual exploitation;		
	o any incident which in the judgment of the advocate may be sensitive or result in		
]	involvement of the news media;		
]	o injury trends;		
	o media alerts;		
	o instances of sex trafficking		
	Notification may occur by telephone however a follow-up e-mail notification is		
	required. That email should include:		
	o Date		
	Responsible advocate		
	o Provider/facility involved		
	Summary of incident		
	o Possible impact (if any)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	• The SHRD/ASHRD shall be kept informed of maj	or developments until the issue is	
^	resolved.	Г	
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Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 106 - 2016 CHIDELINES EOD INVESTICATION OF HUMAN DICHTS ISSUES			
GUIDELINES FOR INVESTIGATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	February 11, 2002		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	All Advocates will utilize accepted standards and pract	ices when investigating human	
	rights issues.		
Procedure:	• As appropriate, the investigative procedure shall co	nsist of:	
	1. interviews with:		
	o witness(s);		
	o individual receiving service;		
	o staff; and		
	o other persons who may provide relevant information.		
	2. obtaining a written statement from each persons interviewed when such a		
	statement is necessary to document oral interviews;		
	3. a review of the relevant records of the individual involved;		
	4. a visit to the site of an alleged incident;		
	5. a review of pertinent statutes, administrative policies and procedures relative to		
	the issue.		
	The advocate shall maintain an accurate rec		
	documentation is to include persons contacted, conversations and result and should be summarized in the advocate action section of the CHRIS report.		
		*	
	 Once a complaint is resolved below the level individual is satisfied with the remody and year. 		
	individual is satisfied with the remedy and we the advocate must make a determination of		
	violation occurred based on the facts of the		
Ð	The Office of Licensing is notified of all vio	nations of numan figures.	
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Deborah M.	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



Issued:

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Protocol:

Procedure:

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PROTOCOL NO. 107 - 2016 USE OF AUDIO AND/OR VIDEO EQUIPMENT DURING INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATIONS November 1, 2000 November 4, 2014 October 1, 2016 During the course of an independent investigation, the advocate should consider audio and/or video taping of witnesses and photographs of evidence when it appears that such records may be necessary to substantiate a violation of rights. The advocate shall: • obtain permission from the witness to audio/video tape the session; • when there is visible physical evidence pertinent to a rights investigation, the advocate should photograph the evidence and should complete the following

	advocate should photograph the evidence and should	id complete the following
	documentation;	
	 date, time and location taken; 	
	name of person(s) in photograph; and	
	 name of person who took photograph. 	
	 audio and/or videotapes and photographs taken by a possession of the advocate. These records may be soffice or the Department of Social Services as deen release of investigative material to other persons or accordance with Departmental Policies, state and fee 	shared with the program, central ned appropriate by the SHRD; and agencies shall be made in
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PROTOCOL NO. 108 - 2016 ROLE OF THE ADVOCATE IN THE ABUSE AND NEGLECT INVESTIGATION PROCESS

ROLE OF THE ADVOCATE IN THE ABUSE AND NEGLECT INVESTIGATION PROCESS		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:		
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	February 4, 2016	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	Each advocate shall monitor all individual abuse/neglect investigations, and protect the	
	rights of the individual. Monitoring may in some cases include participation in the	
	investigation. The advocate shall decide whether or not such monitoring includes sitting	
	in on interviews or merely reviewing the written investigation reports.	
Procedures:	State Operated Facilities:	
	• Upon notification from the Facility Director, the Facility Advocate will identify	
	himself/herself and his/her role to the individual.	
	• The advocate may:	
	 independently interview anyone involved in an abuse/neglect investigation; submit a separate report of his/her findings to the Investigations Manager and 	
	o submit a separate report of his/her findings to the Investigations Manager and SHRD; and	
	 submit recommendations to the Facility Director for the prevention of future 	
	abuse/neglect and non-compliance;	
	The advocate will:	
	o discuss the findings of the investigation with the individual;	
	o advise the individual of his right to request a review through the human rights	
	process.	
	The advocate will monitor the Facility Director's implementation of any	
	recommendations(s).	
	The advocate will follow procedures outlined in any Departmental Instruction	
	regarding abuse/neglect investigations whenever those procedures conflict with this	
	protocol.	
	In Community Programs:	
	Upon notification from the Community Program Director the advocate shall:	
	• monitor the investigation and proper notification of DSS and local law enforcement	
	agencies when appropriate;	
	• provide technical assistance to the program if needed;	
	• participate with the local DSS investigation if appropriate;	
	• submit recommendations to the Program Director as appropriate;	
	• conduct an independent investigation relative to the alleged abuse/neglect incident	
	when appropriate; and	
	• notify the Office of Licensing of the allegation within 24 hours of receipt of the	
	allegation.	



Deborah M. Ladart	10/1/16
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PROTOCOL NO. 109 – 2016 ROLE OF THE ADVOCATE AND LICENSING FOR THE COORDINATION OF ABUSE AND NEGLECT ALLEGATIONS IN LICENSED PROGRAMS

ABUSE AND NEGLECT ALLEGATIONS IN LICENSED PROGRAMS		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	February 11, 2002	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:		
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	The Office of Licensing and Office of Human Rights will jointly coordinate, communicate, consult and monitor the investigations of abuse and neglect allegations in licensed programs.	
Procedure:	1. When the designated staff within the Office of Human Rights or the Office of Licensing receives information from a provider or any source that alleges that an individual receiving services might have been abused or neglected, staff will immediately notify the assigned staff person in the other office (licensing and/or human rights). The program must continue to provide detailed information about the allegation/complaint/incident, as it becomes available.	
	 2. Upon the receipt of the allegation of abuse or neglect the licensing specialist will make a determination of whether or not a site visit is necessary. The determination will be made according to Office of Licensing protocol. a) Based on a review of the following criteria the licensing specialist will determine if a joint investigation with the human rights advocate is warranted. the severity of the allegation, the nature of the injury/harm to the individual(s) and/or the potential for injury/harm to any or all individuals in the program. 	
	 b) When a joint investigation is warranted as determined by the criteria above the regional advocate will participate in the investigation or ensure that another OHR staff is available to participate in the investigation. In the event that the regional advocate has conflicting priorities, which make staffing the investigation impossible, the SHRD/ASHRD shall be notified. 	
	c) Whenever the licensing specialist makes a site visit to a provider as part of an investigation of abuse or neglect the appropriate human rights advocate shall be notified of the date and time of the visit.	
	d) When either office discovers during the course of an ongoing complaint investigation that the facts seem to support an allegation of abuse or neglect they will immediately phone their licensing or human rights counterpart.	
	e) Each licensing specialist and human rights advocate that have similar assignments will review cases they are monitoring on a monthly basis or more	



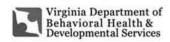
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frequently as the situation warrants.

- 3. Each office must document plans for follow-up or investigation on the written report of an incident or allegation by licensing and human rights. When the provider sends their internal investigation report or CAP, the licensing and human rights staff will share the provider/program's report.
- 4. The licensing specialist, in consultation with the human rights advocate, shall make a determination of whether or not abuse/neglect occurred based on the definitions found in the VAC § 37.1-1. Determinations made by the Office of Licensing staff shall be based on whether the facts support violations of the Licensing Regulations or the Human Rights Regulations. The standard used for the determination of abuse or neglect is "preponderance of evidence." Additional factors to consider include:
 - any DSS CPS or APS findings, however a DBHDS finding is not dependent upon and does not have to wait for the DSS finding; and
 - any findings by law enforcement agencies.

When the human rights advocate has made an on-site investigation in conjunction with an incident, allegation or complaint of abuse or neglect, he/she will enter a written report of the facts in the CHRIS report as well as notify the assigned licensing staff. (If a CHRIS report was NOT filed by the provider, the advocate will direct that provider to enter is into CHRIS immediately). The advocate must indicate whether or not the facts support any violation of the Human Rights Regulations.

- 5. The advocate will submit the report to the licensing specialist and the SHRD/ASHRD within ten (10) working days of the site visit. If circumstances related to health and safety warrant an immediate report, the advocate will submit the report as soon as possible.
- 6. The licensing staff will include the stated human rights violations that are sufficiently supported by facts, in the report to the program/provider. The program/provider is then responsible for developing a corrective action plan to address the licensing and human rights violation(s).
- 7. When there are questions or disagreement about the findings, the human rights and licensing staff shall resolve the differences through discussion involving supervisory staff when necessary.
- 8. The licensing specialist will immediately share the program/provider's corrective action plan with the advocate. The advocate must provide feedback to the licensing specialist within five (5) working days of receipt of the CAP. The licensing specialist shall not delay in providing a response to the provider's CAP.
 - Quality Assurance activities to address coordination, consultation, communication and monitoring between the OHR and OL related to the investigation of abuse and neglect allegations include ongoing review of



	investigation activities of OL and OHR staff by OL and OHR CO supervisory staff.	
Deboish M. Lochart		10/1/16
Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 110 - 2016			
HUMAN RIGHTS NOTIFICATION			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	February 11, 2002		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	February 4, 2016		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	The Advocate shall monitor the provider's compliance with the human rights regulations		
	on informing individuals receiving service of their rights.		
Procedure:	The Advocate shall:		
	• assure that rights notification posters are prominently displayed throughout the		
	facility/program;		
	• interview individuals to ensure that they have been notified of their rights as		
	appropriate;		
	• review individual's records to ensure written acknowledgment of notification of		
	rights by the client or authorized representative.	_	
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Lebouh M. Lochart 10/1/16		10/1/16	
Deborah M. l	Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director Effective Date		



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PROTOCOL NO. 112 - 2016 THE ROLE OF THE OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS		
	AT SHRC MEETINGS	
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	, ,	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	The Office of Human Rights provides administrative support and consultation to the SHRC. Administrative support includes, scheduling and arranging meetings, secretarial services and record keeping. Consultation is limited to guidance in procedural matters and providing information to the committee on the policies, procedures and operations of DBHDS. The Office of Human Rights does not participate in decisions or deliberations of the SHRC.	
Procedure:	 Meeting Attendance Staff of the Office of Human Rights staff are expected to attend meetings of the SHRC in the following circumstances; The State Human Rights Director will attend all SHRC meeting. Regional advocates are expected to attend all SHRC meetings, which take place in 	
	 their assigned region and those meetings where agenda items from their region are presented. When attendance in the above circumstances is not possible, the advocate shall arrange for appropriate coverage. Advocates assigned to facilities are encouraged to attend SHRC meetings which take place within a one-hour drive of their assigned facility or those meetings where agenda items related to their assigned facility or community program(s) are presented. Newly hired advocates are encouraged to attend at least one SHRC meeting as an observer to become familiar with the operation of the SHRC. 	
Roles:	 Office of Human Rights Staff serve in various capacities during meetings of the SHRC. The SHRD serves as consultant to the committee on procedures and provides information on DBHDS policies, procedures and operations as requested. The SHRD also assists the committee in developing policies and procedures to manage the business of the committee. The SHRD monitors the performance of Office of Human Rights staff in relation to the presentation of human rights issues, variances and consumer representation before the SHRC. Advocates (regional and facility based advocates) represent the rights of persons in facilities and programs covered by the regulations. This includes reviewing and making recommendations to the committee on human rights issues, variances, LHRC 	
\int_{0}^{∞}	 before the SHRC. Advocates (regional and facility based advocates) represent the rights of persons in facilities and programs covered by the regulations. This includes reviewing and 	

Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director

10/1/16
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PROTOCOL NO. 113 - 2016 LHRC RECRUITMENT AND NOMINATION		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	Advocates shall assist LHRCs in recruiting and making nominations to the SHRC to promote a consistent and fair process across the State. During the process of establishing or re-establishing an LHRC, the advocate shall actively participate in the interviewing of potential candidates.	
Procedure:	The advocate shall provide support and guidance to the LHRC in the recruitment process by monitoring committee composition to help identify potential candidates. Applications The LHRC, provider or the advocate may provide application forms to prospective applicants. Applications should be returned to the advocate or to the LHRC Chairperson	
	 The application is the standard form approved by the SHRC. Interviewing The advocate shall assist the LHRC in reviewing the applications and in interviewing new applicants. The advocate's role in the interview process is to determine if the individuals interviewed: meet the criteria for LHRC composition, present any conflicts of interest; or demonstrate any compelling reason(s) to disqualify service on the LHRC. All applicants who meet the criteria for LHRC composition must be considered by the LHRC. When establishing a new LHRC or re-establishing a non-functioning LHRC, the advocate will review all applications and interview nominees. The advocate may solicit the assistance of LHRC members from other areas to participate in the interview process. The advocate will consult with the State Human Rights Director on all applications when there are no LHRC members to assist in the process. Applicants who are already known to the advocate/LHRC or individuals being considered for reappointment shall also be interviewed. They must also be evaluated according to requirements for LHRC composition, conflicts of interest or other compelling reasons to disqualify service on the LHRC. All members of the LHRC or a subgroup of the LHRC may conduct interviews. Interviews may be conducted over the telephone when a face-to-face interview is not possible. An interview sheet should be completed for each applicant by each interviewer, with a composite (summary) sheet to indicate the recommendation of the interview panel. The individual interview sheets as well as the composite sheets with 	



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recommendations must be submitted to the SHRC. The interview sheet is the standard form approved by the SHRC.

• The advocate shall ensure that the interview process includes general information on the functions and activities of LHRCs and that each applicant is given fair consideration.

Recommendations to SHRC

The advocate shall prepare a packet of information for submission to the SHRC. This packet shall include:

- A copy of the application for LHRC membership completed by each applicant,
- A copy of the interview sheet for each applicant completed by each member of the interview committee.
- A copy of the summary sheet completed by the panel or advocate for each applicant, and
- A cover letter to the Chair of the SHRC from the advocate summarizing the recommendations of the LHRC, and stating any known reasons to disqualify any applicant(s).
- The advocate shall submit the packet to be added to the agenda for the next scheduled SHRC meeting.
- The advocate or a substitute shall attend the SHRC meeting at which the membership
 appointments are considered and be prepared to address questions raised by the
 SHRC.

Notification to Applicants

The Office of the SHRD will handle on behalf of the SHRC notification to those individuals selected for appointment to an LHRC and those not selected for appointment.

Applicant Appeals

- Individuals who are not selected for appointment may request reconsideration by the LHRC. The request must be written and directed to the Chairperson of the LHRC with a copy to the Chairperson of the SHRC. If the LHRC is being established or reestablished the written request should be directed to the assigned advocate.
- The LHRC should reconsider the applicant. A second interview may or may not be appropriate depending upon the reason for non-selection. The LHRC should forward a letter to the SHRC with a recommendation.
- The SHRC will review the recommendation form the LHRC and application information to make a decision. The individual will be notified in writing of the SHRC decision. If the individual is again not selected for appointment to an LHRC, there is no further appeal.

Debrish M. Lachart	10/1/16
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PROTOCOL NO. 114 - 2016 LHRC APPEALS		
Issued:	February 21, 2001	
Revised:	February 11, 2002	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	When complaints are not or cannot be resolved in a timely manner at the program or director level, or the individual is not satisfied with the director's decision or actions; the advocate shall petition the LHRC for review of the complaint. The individual has the option of choosing LHRC review without regard to the status of efforts or the outcome of resolving the complaint at a lower level.	
Procedure:	 Drafting the Petition A petition for an LHRC hearing must be written and should be filed with the LHRC following the director's decision, action or inaction. The advocate is responsible for drafting the petition or providing consultation/assistance to the individual's chosen representative in drafting the petition. The petition should contain all facts and arguments surrounding the complaint but at minimum shall contain the following information: The specific right(s) violated, including specific citations from the Rules and Regulations; Specific information on the chronology of events including the date and time of the alleged violation; The individuals involved, the person(s) alleged to have committed the violation and those witnessing the violation or having knowledge of the violation; The informal resolution efforts attempted and, if known, why those efforts failed; The individual's requested relief; Copies of those portions of the individual record that document events and actions; Other supporting documentation, including letters, memos or other documents. Multiple complaints may be filed in a single petition; however care should be taken to ensure that the facts and documentation for each complaint are clearly outlined. 	
	 Review Process The advocate or chosen representative of the individual shall forward the petition to the Chairperson of the LHRC with a copy to the Director of the facility/program and to the SHRD. 	
	 When the advocate has not drafted the petition or is not representing the individual, he/she shall serve as consultant to the individual's chosen representative. The advocate shall ensure that the DBHDS human rights process is followed, including timeframes and notification to all parties including the assigned licensing specialist when appropriate. It is appropriate to notify licensing of an LHRC appeal that may impact the status of a program's/provider's license. Within five working days of transmittal of the petition to the Director of the facility/program, the advocate shall follow up with the Director to determine if the 	



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facility/program will file written statements with the LHRC. The representative for the consumer and the facility/program must present all written documentation prior to a review hearing.

- The advocate shall work with the LHRC to schedule a hearing within 10 working days of receiving the petition by the LHRC chairperson.
- The advocate shall provide at least 5 working days notice of the scheduled hearing to all parties and the SHRD.
- The advocate shall represent the individual at the hearing or serve as consultant to the consumer and his chosen representative.
- The advocate shall arrange for a second advocate to provide consultation to the LHRC during the hearing.
- The DBHDS Regional Manager will ensure that the Director is also provided with information about the appeal process however, DBHDS will NOT represent the provider at any point during the appeal hearing.
- Following the proceedings, the advocate shall, where necessary, assist the LHRC in writing their findings/recommendations. It is not expected that the advocate write the findings.
- The advocate shall review with the individual and/or his representative the findings/recommendations and corrective actions taken or plans developed by the facility/program director.
- The advocate shall assist the individual to resolve conflicts around the corrective action plan and inform the individual of the availability of appeal to the SHRC if satisfaction/requested relief is not granted.

Debrick M. Labort	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 115 - 2016			
SUPERVISION			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	Supervisors are responsible for providing leadership, direction, and direct services where necessary to implement a facility and/or community based human rights program for individuals receiving mental health, mental retardation and substance abuse services through facilities/programs operated, licensed or funded by DBHDS.		
Responsibilities	Orientation and training of new staff. This responsibility shall be accomplished through adherence to the Office of Human Rights Protocol 103-2014. Under no circumstances will the assignment of a mentor to a staff person supplant the supervisor's role and responsibility in ensuring the orientation and training of new staff. Face-to-face Supervisory Conferences. The supervisor is responsible for providing face-to-face supervision at least quarterly (every 90 days). These conferences shall be documented and shall address the following areas as needed: Facility/community issues Specific cases and problems Training needs as identified by the supervisor and the staff person Staff performance issues/personnel concerns Review of written work (documentation, LHRC/SHRC presentations) On-going consultation and direction. Each supervisor is expected to provide on-going consultation, direction and follow-up with staff in advocating for consumers. Supervisors and staff are expected to maintain at least weekly contact for updating, schedule planning and ensuring advocacy coverage. Weekly or even daily consultation and follow-up do not substitute for direct face-to-face supervision of staff at least quarterly. Evaluating and planning for staff development. As a part of the performance planning process, the supervisor must annually evaluate staff training needs and facilitate staff attendance at appropriate training events. Ensuring appropriate staffing. Each supervisor is responsible for ensuring appropriate staff coverage for his/her assigned area. This includes appropriate office and telephone coverage at all times (daily, holidays, vacations, vacancies, etc.). Each supervisor is responsible for ensuring		
	the schedules are posted weekly on the shared Office of Human Rights drive. Documentation		



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Each supervisor is responsible for ensuring that staff activities are reported and documented appropriately. This includes ensuring that staff input the appropriate information into the CHRIS system by the end of each month.		
Each supervisor is responsible for developing a written performance plan and evaluatio for each assigned staff person according to Office of Human Resources requirements.		
Facilitating professional relationships with facility and community programs. It is the responsibility of the supervisor to assist staff in developing and maintaining a professional working relationship with staff and administrators of facilities/programs such that mechanisms are in place for resolving consumer complaints.		
Debouk M. Lochart	10/1/16	

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PROTOCOL NO. 116 - 2016			
TRAINING OF LHRC MEMBERS			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	February 11, 2002		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	Each Local Human Rights Committee member shall receive orientation within 90 days of appointment and annual training on the human rights regulations and process during the course of his membership.		
Procedure:	 The advocate shall: Provide each new LHRC member an orientation packet, to include at a minimum, a copy of the Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers Licensed, Funded or Operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS), the LHRC bylaws and a copy of the roster of LHRC members. Provide an orientation session for new members prior to their attendance at a regular meeting. Develop and implement an annual training schedule for all LHRC members; to include FOIA training. 		
Document orientation and training of LHRC members. Document orientation and training of LHRC members. 10/1/16 10/1			
Denorali M.	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Lucture Date	



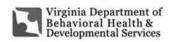
PROTOCOL NO. 117 - 2016		
ADVOCATE'S REPORTS TO THE LHRC		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	February 11, 2002	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	the Local Human Rights Committee of human rights activities and issues relative to the facility at each regularly scheduled meeting. This report may include information to be included in reports to the central office however, shall not include information on specific consumers.	
	The advocate assigned to work with a community LHRC shall provide the information specified below at each regularly scheduled meeting of the LHRC.	
Procedure:	The content of the report shall include but is not limited to the following:	
	 number of abuse/neglect allegations received during the reporting period and the number of complaints founded and unfounded; changes in facility/program policies and procedures resulting from abuse/neglect investigations or other incidents; 	
	 number of complaints by category, the number substantiated and the level of resolution; systemic rights issues; and human rights program updates and national issues. 	
Λ	numan rights program updates and national issues.	
Debouk M. Lachart		10/1/16
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PROTOCOL NO. 118 - 2016			
THE ROLE OF THE ADVOCATE AT LHRC MEETINGS			
Issued:	February 21, 2001		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	The assigned advocate provides consultation to the LHRC. The advocate ensures that administrative support including the scheduling and arranging of meetings, secretarial services and record keeping mechanisms are in place. Consultation is limited to guidance in procedural matters and providing information to the committee on the policies, procedures and operations of DBHDS. The advocate does not participate in decisions or deliberations of the LHRC.		
Procedure:			
Deboish	M. Lahart	10/1/16	
Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 120 - 2016		
TIME, LEAVE AND WEEKLY ITINERARIES		
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	Time and leave procedures for all human rights staff shall be in compliance with DBHDS policies	
Procedure:	DBHDS policies.	
Deboist	EM. Lachart	10/1/16
Deborah M. l	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 121 - 2016 USE OF DBHDS PROPERTY			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	All Office of Human Rights employees shall be held accountable for state property utilized in the performance of their assigned duties.		
Procedure:			
	Em. Lachart	10/1/16	
Deboran M. I	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 122 - 2016 CONTACT WITH THE MEDIA			
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	Requests for information from print or other news media shall be referred to the DBHDS Director of Communications and the Facility/Program Director.		
Procedure:			
Deboick M. Lachart		10/1/16	
Deborah M.	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 123 - 2016			
	REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION (PHI)		
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	April 14, 2003		
Revised:	November 4, 2014		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	 Advocates shall take affirmative steps to prevent the inappropriate use or disclosure of records and information, and to ensure the confidentiality of information in accordance with the Rules and Regulations to Assure the Rights of Individuals Receiving Services from Providers Licensed, Funded or Operated by DBHDS and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPPA). All uses and disclosures of Protected Health Information (PHI) shall be made in accordance with the Department's Privacy Policies and Procedures for Use and Disclosure of Protected Health Information. Reports and information, either in the possession of the program or the Human Rights Advocate shall not be disclosed or released by the Advocate to any third party. Any response to a request for disclosure regarding human rights or other information acquired in the course of providing rights services shall conform to the requirements set forth in Office of Human Rights policies/procedures, Department's Privacy Policies and Procedures for Use and Disclosure of Protected Health Information, and the Code of Virginia. 		
Procedure:	 When a Human Rights Advocate receives a request for release of information, the Advocate shall refer the person requesting the information to the appropriate person: if the request is for resident records, or other confidential information, the person making the request shall be referred to the facility/program director or appropriate designee; If the request is for information from other records (under the Freedom of Information Act), refer the person making the request to the Office of Human Rights designated contact for FOIA requests. Notify the SHRD/ASHRD of any FOIA request for information. 		
	Any unclear issue should be referred to the SHPD/ASHPD		

Any unclear issue should be referred to the SHRD/A	ASHRD.
Debrick M. Lachart	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director Effective Date	



PROTOCOL NO. 124 - 2016			
	PARTICIPATION BY HUMAN RIGHTS ADVOCATES IN		
	EXTERNAL ACTIVITIES IN AN OFFICIA	AL CAPACITY	
Issued:	November 1, 2000		
Revised:	October 1, 2016		
Protocol:	Human Rights Advocates shall obtain prior approval to in an official capacity.	participate in external activities	
Procedure:	 Procedure: Prior to acceptance of any requests to speak publicly in an official capacity, the Advocate shall discuss the request in detail with their supervisor. Advocates should maintain an awareness of the sensitivity of many issues in which the Department is involved. Advocates should be prudent in presenting their personal opinions on departmental issues so as to avoid controversy, and misinterpretation by the press and others. A copy of the attached form, PUBLIC SPEAKING AUTHORIZATION must be completed in its entirety and approved by the SHRD before participating in any speaking engagement. 		
Deboist	Schrick M. Lachart 10/1/16		
Deborah M.	Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director Effective Date		



REQUES'	PROTOCOL NO. 125 - 2016 IS FOR LEGAL ASSISTANCE FROM THE	
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	January 22, 2002	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	All requests for advisory opinions and other legal advice Office of Human Rights staff or a member of the State Committee shall be initiated through the SHRD.	
Procedure:	 Office of Human Rights staff shall promptly notify legal assistance from the Attorney General's office need for legal assistance that has been brought to the member of the State or Local Human Rights Common The SHRD will make the request and will determine needed. The SHRD will communicate any response from the Advice obtained is confidential and is for internate specifically authorized by the SHRD. The SHRD shall be immediately notified of any legal Human Rights staff in their official capacity; or ser Rights Committee member in their official capacity. A copy of the papers must be faxed to the SHRD the The SHRD will notify the Office of the Attorney General will make a determination. The Office of the Attorney General will make a determination. 	is identified. This includes any the attention of the OHR staff by a shittee. The whether a written request is the OAG to appropriate staff. The staff was all papers served on Office of the ved on a State or Local Human of the same day as they are received.
Dohoish	M. Lachart	10/1/16
Deborah M. I	Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



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PROTOCOL NO. 128 - 2016 MANAGEMENT OF OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS RECORDS and CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATION

	and CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICAT	
Issued:	November 1, 2000	
Revised:	April 14, 2003	
Revised:	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol: Procedure:	 The Office of Human Rights is the custodian of records abuse data. The repository of this information is CHRIS All other records are the responsibility of the DBHDS, All Office of Human Rights records shall be managed it DBHDS applicable policies and maintained in accordar Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). OHR staff should make every effort to protect an indivitransmitting or communicating the individual's protected. When faxing PHI, staff should ensure that the fax number for whom the fax is intended is available to retrieve the OHR staff should use initials instead of names in email OHR staff should limit the use of PHI in voicemail mestody and the should be maintained in a secured area [room valocked drawers, etc.]. When destroying confidential material, shred or tear pappieces to prevent recognition of data. Regional offices will maintain the LHRC records in accompleting and submitting Form RM-3 of the Commonweat Archives, Archives and Records Division. Retention Schedule: The following schedule establishes time frames for the reter Rights records. Purging of records and their destruction with frames. 	the facility, or program. In conformity with established ace with the Health Insurance adual's privacy when ed health information (PHI). It is correct and that the party fax. In messages when possible. It is sages. It is a lock on the door, I per into sufficient number of the cordance with the schedule. I possible the schedule oval for destruction by alth's Library of Virginia. Intion of Office of Human
	RECORD CATEGORY OHR CENTRAL OFFICE	OHR FIELD OFFICES
	Complaint Investigation ♦ 10 years	◆ same
	Records (retained electronically)	V Suite
	Abuse Investigation Records (retained electronically) ◆ 10 years	♦ same
	HIPAA Records • 6 years	♦ same
	SHRC/LHRC Records SHRC Minutes - permanent retention; original kept by OHR	◆ LHRC Minutes - permanent retention◆ LHRC Hearing packets-10



	 Appointment letters - 6 years Memos & correspondence - 2 years By-laws - permanent retention Annual Executive Summary-10 years 	 years Membership applications & letters of appointment - 6 years Memos & correspondence - 1 year or until no longer pertinent Variances-permanent retention By-laws - permanent retention
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director		/1/16 fective Date



PR(PROTOCOL NO. 130 - 2016 OCESSING AND APPROVAL OF HUMAN	
Issued:		
	November 4, 2014	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	The Office of Human Rights will review NEW provide compliance with the Rules & Regulations and review a resolution policies.	
Procedure:	 Step 1: The Office of Licensing The DBHDS Office of Licensing will notify the preducer of Human Rights. They will provide the provider with Form as well as a link to the current human rights of the Compliance Verification Form, as well as their ONLY are to be submitted to the Office of Human ONLY are to be submitted to the Office of Human of the Provider of the Step 3: The Office of Human Rights	with the regulations. When ready, complaint resolution policies Rights, via email or regular mail. on the Office of Human Rights will resolution policy. If approved, the advocate. If not approved, uman Rights Committee (LHRC). 30 days of their initial license to and provide training on CHRIS Form to the assigned advocate. by adding the new service.
	For EXISTING PROVIDERS either adding a locat existing region: When notified, the assigned advocate updates the track service.	
Deboish	M. Lachart	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director Effective Date		Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 131 - 2016		
EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLANNING		
Issued:	April 23, 2003	
Revised:	April 16, 2008	
Revised:	,	
Revised:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Revised:	October 1, 2016	
Protocol:	The Office of Human Rights (OHR) will ensure that critical operations will continue normal processing or, in the event of a major disruption, resume operations as quickly as possible. The Office of Human Rights will promote staff and consumer safety during emergencies	
	by adhering to and supporting strict adherence to emergency plans. The OHR contact list including names, addresses and phone numbers, is attached to this protocol.	
Procedure:	 Continuity of Operations and Communication during an emergency When after-hours communication is required the SHRD will contact the Regional Advocates who will contact their respective staff. Staff back up in the event of an emergency is as follows: SHRD's back up is the ASHRD. Region 1 / 2 Regional Advocate back up is Region 3 Regional Advocate and vice versa. Region IV Human Rights Managers back up is Region V Regional Advocate and vice versa. All staff has remote access capabilities via email. The Director, and OHR Administrative Support and several other staff have lap top computers that can be used off site. General plan and procedures All OHR staff will keep the following information at home:	



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Manager is unavailable due to the emergency, then staff will contact the Regional Advocate or Human Rights Manager who provides backup coverage for their respective regions.

- In the event of an emergency that impacts their respective region, the Regional Advocates or Human Rights Manager will contact the Director for direction and assignments.
- In the event of an emergency that impacts any member of the OHR the SHRD will inform the Commissioner about the status of the employees and offices affected by the emergency.
- In the event that the Director is unavailable due to an emergency then the ASHRD will coordinate activities and assignments.
- If offices are unavailable due to an emergency, staff may work from home with supervisory approval.

3. Protection of critical office files

- In the event of an impending emergency situation that might result in damage to an OHR office area, staff will vacate the premises in accordance with area alerts.
- Staff at each office location will consult with their respective supervisors and identify critical information to be moved to a safe location in such an event. Such information should only be removed if time permits. Samples of the type of information to consider for removal are as follows:
 - Any critical information that is not backed via computer; i.e. LHRC minutes, SHRC minutes, Variances, complaint files.
- If no location is determined to be safe then the information will not be removed from the office.

Debrick M. Labort	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



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PROTOCOL NO. 132 - 2016 HEALTHCARE INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT COMPLIANCE

	ACCOUNTABILITY ACT COMPLIANCE
Issued:	April 14, 2003
Revised:	November 4, 2014
Revised:	October 1, 2016
Protocol:	The Office of Human Rights (OHR) serves as a Health Oversight agency as defined by the Healthcare Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). All staff of the Office of Human Rights will become knowledgeable of, and comply with, all relevant aspects of the Department's Privacy Policies and Procedures for Use and Disclosures of Protected Health Information (PHI). Staff will adhere to the applicable accounting, minimum necessary, and use and disclosure rules. Staff will promote compliance with HIPAA among providers in those areas where it
	aligns with the human rights regulations.
Procedure:	 Use and Disclosures Providers may disclose PHI to staff of the Office of Human Rights, members of Local Human Rights Committees and the State Human Rights Committee, without authorization as long as the disclosure is necessary for appropriate oversight activities. Staff of the Office of Human Rights, members of Local Human Rights Committees and the State Human Rights Committee, may use PHI to conduct their duties as defined by the human rights regulations. Staff of the Office of Human Rights, members of Local Human Rights Committees and the State Human Rights Committee, shall not disclose any PHI used in conjunction with such oversight activities unless the disclosure complies with Department policy and procedures. Minimum Necessary All OHR staff will limit all uses and disclosures of PHI to the amount necessary to accomplish the purpose for which the use or disclosure is intended. The minimum necessary rule does not apply to disclosures to the individual, for treatment purposes, as required by law, or those made with an authorization.
	 Accounting Accountings must be maintained by advocates for disclosures of PHI of individuals in State facilities. OHR staff must maintain the names of all sources to which PHI has been disclosed to anyone other than Department employees.
	 Although the following disclosures will rarely if ever be made by OHR staff, if such a disclosure were to occur the following additional elements are required for an accounting in the following circumstances: Disclosures required by law;



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- o Disclosures for public health activities (DOH);
- o Disclosures regarding victims of abuse and neglect (DSS);
- o Disclosures to health oversight agencies (dLCV, JACHO)
- O Disclosures for judicial and administrative proceedings;
- o Disclosures for law enforcement purposes;
- o Disclosures to avert serious threats to health and safety;
- o Disclosures for protective services to the President or others; and
- o Disclosures regarding public benefits programs.
- OHR staff must maintain the following additional elements in the accounting for the above listed categories:
 - o Name of person who received PHI, if known;
 - o Date of disclosure,
 - o Brief description of the PHI disclosed,
 - o Purpose of disclosure.
- OHR staff will maintain elements for an accounting in the Department HIPAA Record Tracking System (HRTS).

Monitoring Compliance

HIPAA applies to health care providers and other entities. A health care provider, as defined in HIPAA, means a provider of services (as defined in section 1861 (u) of the Act), a provider of medical or health services (as defined in section 1861(s) of the Act), and any other person or organization who furnishes, bills, or is paid for health care in the normal course of business. Many of the providers covered by the human rights regulations are indeed health care providers and thus must also comply with HIPAA. Each provider will have to determine for him, or herself, if the Privacy Rules apply to their program.

During the course of providing consultation to providers and monitoring compliance with the human rights regulations, OHR staff may provide information about HIPAA and may inform providers about the Department's policies and procedures regarding HIPAA. Staff shall, as needed, refer providers that have specific questions about HIPAA to the actual regulations (45 CFR parts 160-164), United States Department of Health and Human Services (USDHHS).

Providers may view the applicability, relevancy and meaning of HIPAA differently than does the Department. When such differences impact the provider's compliance with the human rights regulations, OHR staff shall seek guidance from the SHRD. The SHRD will seek guidance from the Chief Privacy Officer and the Office of the Attorney General.

Debrick M. Labort	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



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PROTOCOL NO. 134 - 2016 PROCEDURES FOR THE ROLE OF THE OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE MONITORING OF THE DISCHARGE PROCESS FOR INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED WITH THE DOLISETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

Issued: December 11, 2012 Revised: June 9, 2013 Revised: November 4, 2014 Revised: October 1, 2016 Protocol: The Office of Human Rights will provide oversight, monitoring and advocacy to individuals discharged from the training centers in response to the DOJ Settlement Agreement. Procedure: Pre-Visit Review: During this step the Office of Human Rights will have the option to visit the provider. • The provider information request form (PIR) is received by the ID Team and forwarded to the appropriate Regional Advocate. • The Regional Advocate will decide whether or not a visit needs to be made by the regional team. The decision will be based on the Regional Advocate's current knowledge of the provider as well as the complexity of the needs of the individual being discharged. • The advocate will complete the provider information request form and forward back to the ID Team who then notifies the training center discharge team as to the appropriateness of the provider. • The following guidelines should be used to help you assess whether or not this provider would be a good match for the individual. • Assess the physical environment of the residential or day activity placement to include the items included under the dignity section of our regulations. How does the place look and smell, how big are the rooms, where is the house situated in the neighborhood, is there ready access to a bathroom, will the client have to share a bedroom, all the common sense questions one would ask. • Assess the staff by asking about the ratio of clients to staff, the training of the staff, the experience with the particular issues presented by this client. • Assess the other people living in the home meaning the other group home residents or the other clients or family members in a sponsored residential placement. Is it likely that this individual would be compatible with those already living there. • Assess the community to determine if specialized medical services are available if needed, if adequate day activity programs are		INVOLVED WITH THE DOJ SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT
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Pre-Move Provider Meeting:

- The facility based advocate should participate, to the greatest extent possible, in <u>all</u> the meetings that are held to discuss the individual's eventual transition into the community.
- The facility advocate **will** attend the **Pre-Move Provider meeting** that takes place during the 6th week of the discharge process. Previously, facility advocates were asked to attend the final meeting prior to discharge. Advocates may, of course, still attend the last meeting prior to discharge; however, the emphasis has shifted to the meeting at the sixth week point so that there is time to get the necessary paperwork completed for capacity decisions prior to discharge.
- Notifications of all **Provider Pre -Move** meetings will be sent via the Training Center Discharge Team. If the advocate cannot attend one of these meetings, an the OHR ID Team Manager should be notified so that arrangements can be made for another person to be there from OHR.
- At this Pre-Move Provider meeting the facility advocate will be on the agenda to
 provide guidance and answer questions on the issues specific to capacity evaluations,
 authorized represent and consent.

Checklist for Provider Pre-Move Meeting:

- **❖** Has a current capacity evaluation been completed?
- ❖ Is the AR willing to continue as AR in the community?
- ❖ Is the individual/provider/AR aware of the role and responsibility of the AR?
- ❖ Is the individual/ provider/AR aware of the requirements for informed consent?
- ❖ Is the provider aware of the documentation that needs to be kept in the service record regarding designating an AR, capacity evaluations and informed consent?

Post Move Monitoring Visits (PMM)

- The OHR ID Team will be conducting all **PMM visits.** The ID advocate will notify the Regional Advocate when they will be visiting within that region. They will also keep the Regional Advocate informed if any concerns are identified. The PMM visits will typically take place within the first 60 days of an individual's discharge from the training center. The ID advocates will also visit again at 90 days and after a year, post discharge. If risk factors are identified, additional visits will be made if necessary. These visits will be in addition to visits from other DBHDS offices and will be completed at both the individual's residence, as well as their day support program. During these visits some of the areas looked at will include:
 - o Essential supports identified at the time of discharge
 - Human Rights compliance
 - Current support plans
 - o Nutritional guidelines
 - Physical environment
 - Staffing patterns
 - Behavioral concerns



- o Interactions with family and friends
- o Community activities
- Other areas as appropriate
- After the initial PMM visit, the OHR ID Team will make return visits based on the following risk factors:
 - o Individuals that are not attending any structure day program
 - Individuals where there was concern regarding capacity evaluations/AR appointment
 - o Individuals with behavioral concerns
 - Individuals who are at risk for falls
 - Individuals with significant medical issues
 - o Individuals that were part of any abuse /neglect/exploitation investigation
 - o Individual where concerns were noted during prior visits.
- The OHR ID team will notify the Regional Advocate whenever a visit is being made into their region
- Any concerns, comments, suggestions and/or recommendations will be reported to
 the provider during the visit. If a health and/or safety issue is identified during the
 visit, the local advocate as well as the licensing specialist will also be notified.
- The PMM visit report will also be posted under the individuals' folder on the shared drive. The discharge list, which includes dates of PMM visits, is posted in the DOJ folder on the Human Rights internal drive.
- This does **NOT** change the role of the local advocate with the individual/provider. This is an additional layer of advocacy put in place to monitor the discharge process to help ensure a healthy and safe transition for the individual into the community. If any abuse/neglect/exploitation concerns are identified during these visits or if complaints are brought forward, the ID Advocate will immediately notify the Regional Advocate in that area so that they can follow up.

Deboish M. Lachart	10/1/16
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director	Effective Date



PROTOCOL NO. 135 – 2016				
INVESTIGATION "LOOK BEHIND" PROCESS				
	ed: October 1, 2016			
Protocol:				
	to determine compliance with the Human Rights Regulations and those standards			
	established by DBHDS to identify trends in reporting, the appropriateness of corrective actions taken and regional and statewide community provider training needs.			
Procedure:	The Office of Human Rights will conduct a monthly "look behind" at provider's			
Troccaure.	investigations. The following steps will be taken:			
	1. From a statewide report generated from the data warehouse, OHR will pull a random			
	sample that provides a margin of error of +/- 5% of closed ID/D abuse/neglect			
	investigations entered into CHRIS for the designated time period for each of the 5			
	OHR regions.			
	2. OHR will review the information entered into CHRIS by the provider			
	3. OHR will contact the provider requesting the complete record of the investigation.			
	4. OHR's on site review will address:			
	5. Whether or not the investigation was substantiated			
	6. How were the findings determined, to include:			
	Witness statements			
	Physical evidence			
	• Documentation			
	7. Questions will address:			
	Was the incident reported within appropriate timeframes? When the incident reported within appropriate timeframes?			
	 Were proper notification requirements followed (i.e. OLS/DSS/DMAS/law enforcement)? 			
	Was the investigation completed within appropriate timeframes?			
	• Was there an injury that required emergency care or follow-up medical attention?			
	 Is the investigation summary clear and complete in CHRIS? 			
	• Is all the supporting documentation in place?			
	Were pertinent interviews conducted?			
	• Do the findings support the conclusions?			
	Was adequate corrective action taken?			
	 Is there evidence of completion of proposed corrective action in the services record? 			
	 Was there a separate OHR investigation completed? 			
	 Were there OHR recommendations for citation and was there a CAP issued through OL? 			
	8. The assigned advocate shall document the review on the Community Abuse/Neglect			
	Investigations Look-Behind Worksheet and forward it to:			
	the regional manager will provide their analyses to the Assistant State Human			
	Rights Director within 10 working days			
	The SHRD will present the report to the risk management committee for			
	recommendations and a quarterly summary report will be provided to the Quality			



	Improvement Committee.		
	9. In addition to the sampling procedure explained above, OHR will review data trends		
	and identify specific triggers that will result in targeting investigations for inclusion		
	in the sample.		
	10. Additional training resources will be made available through the appropriate DBHDS		
Office.			
	11. Any health and safety concerns or rights violations, found during the monitoring		
	process that were not properly addressed at the point of the initial investigation will		
	be immediately reported to the provider administration, OHR regional and Central		
	Office staff, OLS and DSS, as appropriate.		
Deborah M. Sachart 10/1/1		10/1/16	
		10/1/16	
Deborah M. Lochart, State Human Rights Director		Effective Date	